

Order of the Secretary of the Pennsylvania Department of Health Directing Long-Term Care Facilities to Implement Measures for Use and Distribution of Personal Protective Equipment Frequently Asked Questions

October 9, 2020¹

The Department of Health and the Department of Human Services are providing this document to address questions from long-term care facilities regarding the [Order of the Secretary of the Pennsylvania Department of Health Directing Long-Term Care Facilities to Implement Measures for Use and Distribution of Personal Protective Equipment](#) issued on August 17, 2020. For ease of reference, this document is organized by four main subject areas: Policy and Support Issues, Personal Protective Equipment, Respirators, and Other. A list of acronyms is provided at the end of this document instead of defining them in each question and answer.

Policy and Support Issues:

Question: Why did the Secretary of Health issue this Order?

Answer: The Secretary of Health issued this Order because developing, implementing, and adhering to a plan to distribute and use PPE is essential in managing the spread of COVID-19 and protecting the health and safety of staff and residents in LTCFs.

Question: There are no current COVID-19 cases in our facility. Why do we need to have policies and procedures for the procurement and distribution of PPE to staff?

Answer: LTCFs throughout the Commonwealth continue to experience new outbreaks of COVID-19. Additionally, facilities need to prepare for a potential surge in the future. Developing capacity to obtain, distribute, and properly use PPE in advance of a surge will help everyone be better prepared.

Question: Administrators across the state are very busy responding to COVID-19. Can the Commonwealth provide the policies and procedures for us?

Answer: While it is understood that administrators are very busy responding to COVID-19, every LTCF is unique and the policies and procedures will vary depending on the specific needs of the individual facility. Therefore, each facility is to develop their own policies and procedures to address the unique needs of their facility.

Question: Is there someone that can help us develop our policies and procedures?

Answer: Facilities may consult the [RRHC](#) assigned to their facility if assistance is needed.

¹ This replaces the version dated October 7, 2020. PA-HAN 530 has replaced PA-HAN-509, and that change is shown in red font.

Question: If our facility is operating under contingency or crisis capacity standards of care, do we need to follow this Order?

Answer: Yes, this Order still applies under contingency or crisis capacity standards of care. It is critical for every facility to develop, implement, and adhere to policies and procedures that provide for the procurement and distribution of PPE in order to be prepared for continuing and future outbreaks.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Question: Does the Secretary's Order cover all types of PPE or is it just addressing the use of respirators?

Answer: The Order requires that facilities have policies and procedures for the procurement and distribution of PPE to staff, and this applies to all PPE required to protect staff while on the job, based on their duties. The Order also requires employers to provide approved respirators to staff at the beginning of their shift and when notified by a staff member that theirs has become soiled, damaged, or otherwise ineffective.

Question: Does the Order include eye protection (goggles or face shields, etc.)?

Answer: Yes. Eye protection is a critical piece of PPE. The facility's policies and procedures for the procurement and distribution of PPE must include eye protection. Please refer to [PA-HAN-524 – Interim Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations for Patients with Known or Patients Under Investigation for 2019 Novel Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) in a Healthcare Setting](#) for more information about eye protection.

Question: Is there information on the types of PPE, when to use which type, etc.?

Answer: Please refer to [PA-HAN-524 – Interim Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations for Patients with Known or Patients Under Investigation for 2019 Novel Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) in a Healthcare Setting](#) for information on proper types and use of PPE. Additional assistance may be obtained by contacting the [RRHC](#) assigned to your facility.

Question: Where can PPE be obtained? There is concern about whether enough PPE will be available in the supply chain to meet our needs.

Answer: Facilities should use their existing supply chains to the greatest extent possible since supply chains have largely caught up to demand. If you are unable to obtain appropriate PPE, the [RRHC](#) assigned to your facility can provide resources for obtaining PPE. LTCFs are encouraged to review [CDC guidance on strategies to optimize the supply of PPE and equipment](#) for information on optimizing their supply when potential shortages are expected to occur.

Question: Who will pay for the additional PPE?

Answer: LTCFs are expected to purchase the necessary PPE for their facility. CARES Act funding may be used for this purpose. Please consult the [RRHC](#) assigned to your facility if further assistance is needed.

Question: What is the guidance for expired equipment?

Answer: The FDA issued an EUA authorizing the use of certain NIOSH-approved respirator models in healthcare settings. This EUA includes respirator units that are past their designated shelf life. To determine if your respirator meets this criteria please visit the [FDA website](#). For surgical masks and

gowns, the FDA specifies the following: *These products were designed to serve as protective barriers and thus FDA believes they may still offer some protection even when they are used beyond the manufacturer's designated shelf life or expiration date. The user should visibly inspect the product prior to use and if there are concerns (such as degraded materials or visible tears) the product should be discarded. As a conventional capacity strategy, expired products may be used for training and demonstration purposes where barrier protection is not needed.* Please consult the [RRHC](#) assigned to your facility if further assistance is needed.

Respirators:

Question: Does the Order require the use of respirators for exposed and potentially exposed residents (i.e., Yellow zone described in [HAN 530 – Long-term Care Facility Guidance for Testing and Cohorting: Response to an Outbreak and Residents with Exposure to COVID-19](#))?

Answer: Yes, the Order requires respirator use for “COVID-19 positive and suspected cases.” This includes those who meet the definition of a probable or confirmed case, and meet criteria for requiring transmission-based precautions for COVID-19 as given in [PA-HAN-517 – Discontinuation of Transmission-Based Precautions for Patients with COVID-19](#) and [PA-HAN-524 – Interim Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations for Patients with Known or Patients Under Investigation for 2019 Novel Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) in a Healthcare Setting](#). It **also** includes those persons requiring transmission-based precautions for COVID-19 due to known or potential exposure. When using the zones as described in [PA-HAN-530](#), the Order applies to all residents in Red and Yellow zones including those under observation following inpatient hospital admission.

Question: Which respirators require fit testing and where can we obtain the fit test?

Answer: Fit testing is required for all filtering facepiece respirators. LTCFs are encouraged to contact the [RRHC](#) assigned to their facility for assistance with fit testing.

Question: Must staff who will be wearing respirators be fit tested on the particular brand, style and size of respirator they will be using?

Answer: Staff must be fit tested with the same make, model, style, and size of respirator that will be used. A medical evaluation is also required to document that the user can wear the respirator without negatively impacting breathing. A seal check must also be done each time the respirator is donned, in order to assure proper fit.

Question: We don't currently have any staff who are fit tested for respirators that we have in stock. Should non-fit-tested staff be wearing respirators?

Answer: Fit testing is required for all filtering facepiece respirators. LTCFs are encouraged to contact the [RRHC](#) assigned to their facility for assistance with fit testing.

Question: We have a few staff members who cannot wear a respirator due to health reasons but are able to wear a surgical mask. Are there exceptions to the Order for these staff persons?

Answer: There are two acceptable options for these staff persons. First, they could be considered for assignments where they are not caring for residents in need of transmission-based precautions for COVID-19. A second option is to offer them the use of a PAPR, which is generally well-tolerated and does not need to be fit-tested. However, PAPRs require that the user be trained in proper donning, operation,

and doffing procedures. If the facility does not have access to PAPRs and cannot re-assign staff to non-COVID resident care, they are encouraged to contact the [RRHC](#) assigned to their facility for assistance.

Question: We heard that our staff can use non-NIOSH approved respirators if they are authorized for use by the FDA through an EUA. Is this true?

Answer: The respirators distributed by each facility must be NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirators, or if those are not available, respirators authorized by the FDA, including through an EUA. For information on those authorized by the EUA, go to the [EUA for Personal Protective Equipment website](#). Scroll down the page to locate two lists with authorized respirators to search for the respirator model of interest:

- Appendix A; Authorized Imported, Non-NIOSH Approved Respirators Manufactured in China
- Exhibit 1, Authorized Imported, Non-NIOSH Disposable FFR

If your respirator is not located in Appendix A or Exhibit 1, it may have been removed. On the same page, there is a list of Respirator Models Removed from Appendix A (Respirator Models No Longer Authorized). Search for the respirator model in the search box. If found, this respirator model is no longer authorized for use due to failure to provide adequate particulate filter efficiency during testing. Please consult the [RRHC](#) assigned to your facility if further assistance is needed.

Question: The Order specifies the respirator must be replaced as soon as practical if the facility is notified by a staff member that it has become soiled, damaged, or otherwise ineffective. How will staff know when a new respirator is ineffective?

Answer: Staff should discard their respirator under the following circumstances:

- The respirator becomes contaminated with blood, respiratory or nasal secretions, or other bodily fluids from patients.
- If the respirator becomes visibly soiled, damaged in any other way, or is difficult to breathe through.
- At the end of their shift (storage container should be discarded as well). Respirators do not need to be discarded after an aerosol-generating procedure, if the above conditions do not occur.

Further assistance may be obtained by contacting the [RRHC](#) assigned to your facility.

Other:

Question: What is the penalty if I do not follow the Secretary's Order? Will I receive a deficiency or fine?

Answer: If it appears that a facility willfully refuses to comply or is negligent in complying with the Secretary's Order, DOH has the option to fine the facility under the Disease Prevention and Control Law and DHS has the option to take enforcement action under the applicable regulation for the facility type. Facilities are strongly urged to request help when necessary and take every step necessary to comply with the Secretary's Order.



Question: Who do I contact if I have additional questions?

Answer: If you are a facility licensed by DOH, contact RA-dhSNFquestion@pa.gov. If you are a facility licensed by OLTL, contact RA-pwarlheadquarters@pa.gov. If you are a facility licensed by the ODP, contact RA-PWODPEMRGNCYRSPRQ@pa.gov.

DEFINITION OF ACRONYMS	
Acronym	Definition
CARES Act	Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act
COVID-19	The illness caused by the novel coronavirus SARS-coV-2
CDC	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
DHS	Department of Human Services
DOH	Department of Health
EUA	Emergency Use Authorization
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
FFR	Filtering Facepiece Respirator
LTCF	Long-Term Care Facility
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
ODP	Office of Developmental Programs
OLTL	Office of Long-Term Living
PA-HAN	Pennsylvania Health Alert Network
PAPR	Powered Air Purifying Respirator
PEMA	Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency
PPE	Personal protective equipment
RRHC	Regional Response Health Collaboration